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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION

[WFO 103]

PART 1468—GRAIN

CORN SET ASIDE

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States will result in a shortage in the supply of corn for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1468.10 *Corn required to be set aside*—(a) *Definitions*. When used in this order:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not, and includes any State or political subdivision or agency thereof.

(2) "Corn" means yellow, white, or mixed shelled corn, or snap corn, of the dent or flint varieties; whole or crushed or mixed with other whole grains, excluding, however, seed corn, popcorn, grain sorghums, sweet corn, broom corn, corn used for canning purposes, and packaged corn meal, corn grits, or other corn products packaged for human consumption.

(3) "Elevator operator" means any person who owns or operates an elevator, warehouse, or barge or carloading facility, and who receives corn for resale.

(4) "Commodity" means the Commodity Credit Corporation.

(5) "Authorized purchaser" means a person or agency of the United States, authorized by Commodity, under such terms and conditions as it may impose with respect to the use or disposition thereof, to purchase corn which has been set aside under this order.

(6) "Order Administrator" means the Chief of the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, War Food Administration.

(b) *Quantity*. Every elevator operator and every other person shall set aside, reserve, and hold for sale and shipment to authorized purchasers:

(1) All corn which is purchased by or delivered to him in fulfillment of a contract or pledge between a producer thereof, located in the area designated in War Food Order No. 98, and Commodity;

(2) All corn in storage or in transit on the effective date of this order and (i)

received by him in his capacity as a designated agent of Commodity under War Food Order No. 98,¹ or (ii) set aside under the provisions of War Food Order No. 96² or War Food Order No. 96.1;³ and

(3) Such other corn as may be specified by the Order Administrator.

(c) *Releases*. The Order Administrator may, by individual notice and not by general order, release any corn which has been set aside, reserved, and held under this order. Corn so released may be disposed of at the option of the holder thereof.

(d) *Authorized purchasers*. Every authorized purchaser shall comply with all the terms and conditions specified in such authorization with respect to the use or disposition of corn, and any failure to comply with such terms and conditions shall constitute a violation of this order.

(e) *Contracts*. The provisions of this order and of all orders or regulations issued pursuant thereto shall be observed without regard to contracts heretofore or hereafter made, or any rights accrued or payments made thereunder.

(f) *Records and reports*. (1) The Order Administrator shall be entitled to obtain such information from and require such reports and the keeping of such records by, any person, as may be necessary or appropriate, in his discretion, to the enforcement or administration of the provisions of this order.

(2) Every person subject to this order shall, for at least one year (or for such period of time as the Order Administrator may designate), maintain an accurate record of his transactions in corn.

(g) *Audits and inspections*. The Order Administrator shall be entitled to make such audit or inspection of the books, records and other writings, premises, or stocks of corn of any person, and to make such investigations, as may be necessary or appropriate, in his discretion, to the enforcement or administration of the provisions of this order.

(h) *Request for relief from hardship*. Any person affected by this order who considers that compliance herewith would work an exceptional or unreasonable hardship on him may file a request for relief with the Order Administrator.

¹ 9 F.R. 4379.

² 9 F.R. 3253, 4319.

³ 9 F.R. 3628, 4319.

All requests shall be in writing and shall set forth all pertinent facts and the nature of the relief sought. Such requests shall be acted upon by the Order Administrator or any employee of the Agricultural Adjustment Agency designated by him.

(i) *Violations*. Any person who violates any provision of this order may, in accordance with the applicable procedure, be prohibited from receiving, making any deliveries of, or using corn or any other material subject to priority or allocation control by any governmental agency. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order is guilty of a crime and may be prosecuted under any and all applicable laws. Civil action may also be instituted to enforce any liability or duty, created by, or to enjoin any violation of, any provision of this order.

(j) *Delegation of authority*. The administration of this order, and the powers vested in the War Food Administrator, insofar as such powers relate to the administration of this order, are hereby delegated to the Order Administrator. The Order Administrator is authorized to redelegate to any person within the War Food Administration any or all of the authority vested in him by this order.

(k) *Communications*. All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless instructions to the contrary are issued by the Order Administrator, be addressed to Order Administrator, War Food Order No. 103, Agricultural Adjustment Agency, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: WFO 103.

(1) *Effective date*. This order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., c. w. t., June 24, 1944.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this order have been approved by, and all subsequent reporting and record-keeping requirements of this order will be subject to the approval of, the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Issued this 23d day of June 1944.

MARVIN JONES,
War Food Administrator.

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WFO 103

TERMINATION

OCT. 2, 1944

WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION

[WFO 103, Termination]

PART 1468—GRAIN

CORN SET ASIDE

War Food Order No. 103 (9 F.R. 7039), § 1468.10, is hereby revoked and terminated.

This order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., October 2, 1944.

With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under War Food Order No. 103, prior to the effective time hereof, all provisions of such order in effect prior to the effective time hereof shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding

with respect to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Issued this 2d day of October 1944.

ASHLEY SELLERS,

Assistant War Food Administrator.

War Food Administration,
Summary to WFO-103 Termination.

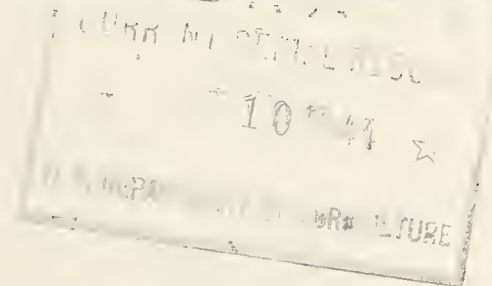
An order (War Food Order No. 103) requiring elevators and others to set aside certain corn for sale to authorized purchasers will be terminated as of October 2, the War Food Administration announced today.

The order has been in effect since June

24, when it superseded another corn-movement order (WFO No. 98), expiring on that date. WFO-103 provided a means of completing delivery of corn pledged to the Government under the earlier order, which for 60 days had restricted sales of corn off farms in 125 counties of five Midwest States. Such sales within the designated area were limited to the Government and to feed-

ers who had obtained certificates of necessity from AAA county committees.

Corn acquired under the program, totaling 71.5 million bushels as of September 25, was urgently needed by processors for the production of critical war products. Processors now have on hand sufficient supplies to insure continued operation until the new crop becomes available.



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